### Government of India Ministry of Communications Department of Telecommunications Wireless Planning & Coordination Wing

6<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sanchar Bhawan, 20, Ashoka Road, New Delhi 110001

# Subject: Minutes of $3^{rd}$ meeting of Working Group-2 (1 to 6 GHz) of NFAP review/ revision

Kindly refer to the 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting of Working Group-2 (1 to 6 GHz) of NFAP review/ revision committee held under the chairmanship of Sh. N K Bhola, Director(A), Wireless Monitoring Organization was held on 27.11.2024, and find enclosed the Minutes of Meeting for reference and further action please.

Enclosure: As above.

(Davender Singh Rawat) Engineer, WPC Wing

To,

- 1. All Stakeholders
- 2. Sr. DWA (ISR) for information
- 3. Director (IT) for uploading in DoT website

#### Minutes of 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting of Working Group-2 (1 to 6 GHz) of NFAP review/ revision

Third meeting of Working Group-2 (WG-2) to review/ revise National Frequency Allocation Plan (NFAP) 2022 under the chairmanship of Sh. N K Bhola, Director(A), Wireless Monitoring Organization was held on 27.11.2024 in hybrid mode at Sanchar Bhawan, New Delhi. Stakeholders from various Government Departments, Telecom Service Providers, Manufactures, Academia, Associations etc. participated in the meeting.

2. In his opening address, the Chairman welcomed all participants. List of participants is enclosed at Annexure-I.

3. The draft NFAP document (1 to 6 GHz) where changes in the Allocation Table and RR footnotes were made as per ITU-RR 2024, has been presented in 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> WG-2 meetings for any comments/ suggestion.

4. Contributions received from IAFI and GMRT for amendment in IND footnotes have been deliberated in the meeting.

4.1 The suggestions on proposed changes IND footnotes, their justifications received till date are placed at Annexure-II for further deliberation.

5. The meeting concluded with thanks to the Chair and all the participants/ stakeholders.

Place: New Delhi Date: 27.12.2024

#### Annexure-I

S. No.	Name	Organization	
1	N K Bhola	Chairman, Wireless Monitoring Organization	
2	M K Pattanaik	WPC Wing	
3	L D Meghwal	Sr. DD, WMO	
4	R K Nagaich	DD, WMO	
5	Sachin Kumar	WPC Wing	
6	Davender Singh Rawat	WPC Wing	
7	Yogesh Nandwani	WMO	
8	Anurag Gupta	C-DoT	
9	Rajeev Kumar	Doordarshan	
10	A S Yadav	AAI	
11	Umesh Kumar	AAI	
12	Pravin Raybole	GMRT, NCRA-TIFR	
13	Bharat Bhatia	ITU-APT Foundation of India (IAFI)	
14	Yashwant Patil	Mt. Abu Intl. HAM Radio Club (MHRC)	
15	Kantha Shree	C-PRAV Certification Service	
16	Abhijit Panicker	COAI	
17	Kshem Kapoor	COAI	
18	Anil Tandan	DG, BIF	
19	Debashish	BIF	
20	Dileep Lakhera	Airtel	
21	Dr. Sidharth Shukla	Airtel	
22	Dr. Sendil Kumar	Ericsson	
23	Jitendra	Qualcomm	
24	M Rajith Ali	SIA-India	
25	Munesh Gaur	Tata Communications Ltd. (TCL)	
26	Suresh Kumar	Susan Future Technologies	
	Karthikeyan		
27	Suresh Warrier	Elena Geo	
28	Ravi Tulsian		
29	Ahmed Raza		
30	B C Sahana		
31	Chetna Priyadarshini		
32	Upena Dalal		

## List of Participants

Annexure-II

#### <u>Proposed modifications in IND footnotes by Stakeholders</u>

Stakeholder	Proposed changes &	Proposed modification in	Existing footnotes of NFAP	WG-2 comments and Proposed text		
	Justification	footnote	2022	for deliberation		
	IND 13 footnote					
GMRT, NCRA- TIFR	<ul> <li>(i) To add name of the village "Khordad" where Radio astronomy facility is located in Pune.</li> <li>(ii) To consistently include IND 13 in the Frequency Allocation Table for which it is applicable i.e. all frequencies between 50 to 1500 MHz.</li> </ul>	The radio astronomy facility centered near the village of Khodad at the location given by Lat, Long = N19°05'26.31", E74°02'59.65" and spread out over a region of 30 KM, in Pune district needs to be protected from any radio emissions which may fall within the frequency bands allocated to radio astronomy service. In addition to bands listed in No. 5.149, the facility may also be protected to the extent feasible in the frequency bands between 50 and 1500 MHz. Any new proposed services and/ or spectrum allocations affecting this limited geographic region and frequency range may be done in coordination with GMRT, NCRA authorities on a case-by-case basis.	The facility use for radio astronomy service at Pune needs to be protected from any radio emissions which may fall within the frequency bands allocated to radio astronomy service. In addition to bands listed in No. 5.149, the facility may also be protected to the extent feasible in the frequency bands below 1500 MHz – especially in the ranges 68-74.8 MHz, 585-608 MHz, and 614- 890 MHz bands.	GMRT facility being a highly sensitive radio astronomy facility, be protected from harmful emissions in the vicinity. However, need for coordinated frequency assignments near GMRT is not considered necessary. <b>MOD IND 13:</b> The radio astronomy facility centered near the village of Khodad at the location given by Lat: N19°05'26.31", Long: E74°02'59.65" and spread out over a region of 30 KM, in Pune district needs to be protected from any radio emissions. In addition to bands listed in No. 5.149, the facility may also be protected to the extent feasible in the frequency bands between 50 and 1500 MHz.		
IND 16 footnote						
Viasat India	1518-1559 MHz band is	The frequency band 1518-1559		No change is required as proposed		
	used in MSS to provide	MHz (space-to Earth) is used in the		protection is already mentioned in		
	communications for the	Mobile-Satellite Service (MSS) to		Resolutions 212 (Rev.WRC-23) and		
		provide communications for the		225 (Rev.WRC-23).		

	GMDSS and needs to be	Global Maritime Distress and		
	protected.	Safety System (GMDSS) and needs		No modification
		to be protected, and ensured that		
		there is no interference from any		
		adjacent or in-band IMT services		
		with necessary guard-band and		
		protection measures in place.		
Susan	To add 5.388A			Inclusion of HIBS as a new technology
Technologies				within IMT bands should be included
	Justification: As per			in NFAP.
	Resolution 221			
	(REV.WRC-23) and			<b>MOD IND 16:</b> See IND 16
	Resolution 218 (WRC-			
	23), frequency bands 1			
	710-1 980 MHz, 2 010-			
	2 025 MHz, 2 110-2 170			
	MHz and 2 500-2 655			
	MHz are identified for			
	worldwide use by HIBS.			
IAFI	Restructuring of table of			Merging of frequency ranges
	IMT bands:			earmarked for IMT usage may be
	Some of the rows of			accepted.
	table (frequency ranges)			
	may be merged where			<b>MOD IND 16:</b> See IND 16
	there is a continuity of			
	frequency bands.			
		IND 27 footn	ata	
AAI	To delete IND 27.		Subject to ensuring protection	The frequency band is exclusively
			to Aeronautical radionavigation	allocated for radionavigation.
	Justification: 2700-		service and Radio location	Proponent could not establish
	2900 MHz band is		service, the band 2700-2900	international precedence for use of
	exclusively allocated for		MHz may also be used for	this band for FWA. Further
	ARNS on Primary basis		Microwave Multipoint	consensus could not be achieved, and
	and is being used for		Distribution System (MMDS),	modification was opposed by AAI and
	Primary Approach		including broadband	strategic users. Hence, deletion of

	Radar (PAR) which fall		applications. International	IND 27 is proposed as suggested by
	under critical systems		recognition for such purpose is	AAI.
	for safety of life services		not affordable	
	as well as for defence			DEL IND 27
	purposes.			
IAFI	To modify footnote by	Subject to ensuring protection to		
	accommodating Fixed	Aeronautical radionavigation		
	Wireless Access also.	service and Radio location service,		
		the band 2700-2900 MHz may also		
	Justification:	be used for Microwave Multipoint		
	Broadband application	Distribution System (MMDS),		
	may co-exist at the	including Fixed Wireless Access,		
	places where AAI is not	and broadband applications.		
	operating in 2700-2900	International recognition for such		
	MHz band.	purpose is not affordable.		
Tata	To use Enterprise	No text proposed.		
Communications	application in 2700-			
Limited	2900 MHz band in			
	coordination with AAI.			
	Justification:			
	Broadband application			
	may co-exist at the			
	places where AAI is not			
	operating in 2700-2900			
	MHz band.			
		IND 28A (new) fo	otnote	
	-			
IAFI	Usage of FWA PTP	Use of frequency bands 5150-5250		Any change in parameters of
	application with higher	MHz, and 5725-5875 MHz for		delicensed band is not in scope of the
	EIRP in 5150-5250 MHz	point-to-point (PMP) Wireless		Working Group. Hence, addition of
	& 5725-5875 MHz	Access Services (WAS) with		new footnote is not feasible at this
	band.	Transmit power up to 1W (30dBm)		stage.
		per base and CPE Radio Unit.		
		Higher EIRP of 47 dBm in the		No modification
		frequency band 5.725 to 5.875 GHz		

			and 53 dBm in the frequency band		
	5.150 to 5.250 GHz will be allowed				
			only for CPEs only.		
Tata			No text proposed.		
Communications					
Limited					
			IND 29 foots		
IAFI	To enable	C-V2X	Subject to not causing harmful	Subject to not constraining the	V2X/ITS constitutes all the existing
	communication.		interference to existing usage in the	use of the frequency band 5	technologies and is a broader term.
			frequency band 5 875 to 5 925 MHz	875 to 5 925 MHz by the	
			by the services to which it has been	services to which it has been	MOD IND 29: Subject to not causing
	allocated in		allocated in the RR on co-primary	allocated in the RR, the band	harmful interference to existing usage
			basis, the band may also be used	may also be considered for V2X	in the frequency band 5 875 to 5 925
			for C-V2X technologies/Intelligent	technologies/Intelligent	MHz by the services to which it has
			Transport Systems under the	Transport Systems.	been allocated in the RR on co-
	Mobile service. This specific usage			primary basis, the band may also be	
	shall generally utilize low-power			considered for V2X	
		transmitters, communicating over			technologies/Intelligent Transport
			shared radio frequencies and shall		Systems.
			not require an individual		
			assignment for each user.		

S. No.	Band	Footnotes identifying the band for IMT	IND Notes
4	1 427-1 518 MHz	5.341C, 5.346A	
5	1 710-2 025 MHz	5.384A, 5.388, 5.388A	
6	2 025-2 200 MHz	5.388, 5.388A	
7	2 300-2 450 MHz	5.384A	
8	2 500-2 690 MHz	5.384A	
9	3 300-3 400 MHz	5.429F	Notes below
10	3 400-3 500 MHz	5.432B, 5.433A	Notes below
11	3 500-3 600 MHz	5.432B, 5.433A	
12	3 600-3 670 MHz		Notes below

## Revised table for IND 16 (1 to 6 GHz)

No modifications in the Notes relating to 1 to 6 GHz.