

ARYAOMNITALK WALKY TALKY | GPS TRACKING | TOLL & HTMS

Date: 12/09/2024

The Chairman,

Working Group -1, NFAP 2022 review/revision committee,

Government of India, Ministry of communications & IT,

Department of Telecommunications, Wireless Planning & Coordination Wing

Sanchar Bhawan, New Delhi- 110001

Kind Attn: Mr. Viresh Goel

Subject: Our revised submissions for NFAP 2022 review committee after Hybrid meeting held on 07th August, 2024

Dear Sir,

In reference to NFAP meeting held on O3/O7 /2024, 09/07.2024, and 07/08/2024 followed by submissions made by various stake holders we wish to place before you our views and concerns on some of the suggestions made.

Kindly find our revised submission under specified INPUT FORMAT dated 12/09/2024

Please feel free to call on us for any further clarification, and we look forward to interacting with you during our next scheduled meeting.

Thanks & Regards,

For Arya Ornnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited

(AVS RAO)

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Arya Omnitalk Wireless Solutions Private Limited Regd. Off.: C/o Arvind Limited, Naroda Road, Ahmedabad, Gujarat – 380 025, India. CIN No. : U31100GJ1995PTC024599 Head Off.: Unit No. A-202, 2nd Floor, Summer Court, Magarpatta City, Pune – 411013. India

<u>Format</u>

1	Name of Individual/Organ ization etc	ARYA OMNITALK RADIO TRUNKING SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED
2	Address	Unit No.202, 2 nd Floor, Summer Court, Magarpatta City, Pune – 411013 Maharashtra - India
3	Mail ID	avs.rao@aryaomnitalk.com; abahal@aryaomnitalk.com ;vmalhotra@aryaomnitalk.com;
4	Phone/Mobile no.	Mobile +91-7028257524 ; +91-9810412723 & +91 9545513400
5(a)*	Nature of business	Service Operator - PMRTS
5 (b)	Type of Organisation (Pvt industry, Association, academia, PSU, government departments etc.)	Private Industry
6	Frequency band (kHz/MHz)	As per IND-18 of NFAP 2022 following Frequency band are for PMRTS: 336-338 MHz paired with 346-348 MHz : <i>No deployment for PMRTS</i> 338-340 MHz paired with 348-350 MHz : One block issued in each of 7 cities from Kerala Circle (i.e. Quilon, Alappuzha city, Ernakulum city, Munnar City, Payyanur city, Trichur cities.) 811-814 MHz paired with 856-859 MHz – <i>Deployed for Digital PMRTS</i> – <i>Awaiting</i> <i>widespread deployment pending notification of new Telecom bill passed by</i> <i>Parliament</i> 814-819 MHz paired with 859-864 MHz: Extensively deployed for Analog PMRTS. Details available with DoT. <i>Awaiting widespread deployment pending</i> <i>notification of new Telecom bill passed by Parliament</i> 819-824 MHz paired with 864-869 MHz : <i>Predominantly for CMRTS (Captive</i> <i>Mobile Trunked Radio deployments)</i> .Details available with DoT <i>There are over 60,000 Radio users and 400+ RF channels in expensive Equipment</i> . <i>Infrastructure deployed in the 811-814 MHz (856-859 MHz) as well as 814 MHz-</i> <i>819 MHz (859MHz-864 MHz) bands across India</i> <i>Over 300 applications for new frequency allocation from PMRTS Operators were</i> <i>last pending with DoT pending their decision on whether PMRTS should be</i> <i>assigned Spectrum administratively or through auction. The new Telecom bill</i> <i>passed by the Parliament is pending notification for administrative assignment of</i> <i>Spectrum.</i> <i>Similarly, there are over 100,000 plus Radios deployed all over India under</i> <i>various Trunked Radio Technology platforms like APCO 25, TETRA, DMR I, II &</i> <i>III under Captive and CMRTS licensing, many of which are using the 800 MHz</i> <i>band, especially 819-824 MHz</i> Exact details available with DoT

7*	Applications of service	PMRTS, Two-Way, Push-To-Talk Radio communication on Handheld radios, Fixed/ Base radios, and Vehicle Mounted radios
8	Minimum & Maximum power with unit	1W to 3W for Handheld Radio 15 W to 30 W for Mobile/Vehicle Mounted Radios 75W to 100 W for Transmission from Base Station/Repeater
9	Purpose	Mission Critical Push-To-Talk Communication for Municipal Corporations for disaster management and recovery, Public Sector Companies in the Oil & Gas sector like IOCL,BPCL,HPL,ONGC for maintenance and day to day operations, Public Utility agencies like Electricity Boards for maintenance and day to day operations, Public Safety agencies for policing, Emergency Response Service agencies including Ambulance services ,Indian Naval Shipyards, Ports for loading & unloading, shipping & stevedoring operations, Airports for ground operations, Security Services for patrolling and surveillance across Public & Private Sector Enterprises, construction of high rise buildings higher than ten floors, Ready Mix Concrete Industry, Malls for Security, parking management & maintenance operations etc. etc.
10 (a)	Countries in which similar applications are used along with web link (if known)	Malaysia, United States, UK, Singapore, Israel, New Zealand, Australia, Indonesia, South American nations such as Brazil etc https://www.mcmc.gov.my/skmmgovmy/media/General/pdf/Trunked_Radio_Going_Digital_2_compressed.p df https://www.telco.nsw.gov.au/ https://www.itu.int/dms_pub/itu-r/opb/rep/R-REP-M.2014-3-2016-PDF-E.pdf
10 (b)	Provisions in frequency allocation table along with footnote of the country along with web link (if known)	380MHz to 385MHz – Malaysia 410MHz to 430MHz – Malaysia 694MHz to 790MHZ- Spain 811MHz to 814MHz India (PMRTS digital), United States 814MHz to 819MHz India (PMRTS Analog), United States <u>https://www.mcmc.gov.my/skmmgovmy/media/General/pdf/Trunked_Radio_Going_Digital_2_compressed.p</u> <u>df</u> <u>https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/9/2/250/pdf</u>
		United States: <u>https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/47/90.7</u> <u>https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/FCC-90-234A1.pdf</u>
		Australia: https://www.fcc.gov/wireless/bureau-divisions/mobility-division/specialized- mobile-radio-service-smr
		https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/47/90.631
		https://www.acma.gov.au/sites/default/files/2019-11/RALI-LM3.pdf https://www.acma.gov.au/technical-details-land-mobile-licences
		New Zealand: <u>https://www.rsm.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/documents/pibs/radio-licence-policy-</u> <u>rules-pib-58.pdf</u> Singapore:

		https://www.imda.gov.sg/-/media/imda/files/regulation-licensing-and- consultations/frameworks-and-policies/spectrum-management-and- coordination/spectrummgmthb.pdf
11	Radio Regulations provisions (if known)	Kindly refer INTERNATIONAL PRACTICSE section at below <u>Ref. for Point#11 above Radio Regulations provision (if known)</u>
		INTERNATIONAL PRACTICE
		Singapore
		 4.1 According to the Spectrum Management Handbook ⁹ issued by IMDA (Infocomm Media Development Authority) in July 2017, for providing Public Trunk Radio Service (PTRS}, the operators are required to take FBO (Facilities-Based Operations) license¹⁰ The duration of the license is10 years and renewable for a further period, if required. The license fee is an Annual Fee¹¹ of S\$80,000 for the first S\$50 million in AGTO (AnnualGross Turnover)^{12,} 0.8% of AGTO for the Next S\$50-S\$100 million in AGTO and 1% of AGTO for the above S\$100 million in AGTO.
		4.2 IMDA was of the view that the trunked radio features have not been replaced by cellular services. The ability to make one-to-many group calls using trunked radio is a feature in which cellular networks have yet tooffer. One-to-many group calls are crucial for operations that require information to be verbally communicated to all field staff in different locations simultaneously.
		4.3 IMDA's policy is to assign the spectrum allocated for public mobile services to FBOs only. Administrative-based approach is being used for spectrum allocation for PTRS. I MDA is of the view that it will continue to use administrative-based approach for services such as paging, trunked radio, fixed links, etc., till such time when there are competing demands for the spectrum.
12*	Type of Radiocommunic ation service	Public Mobile Radio Trunking Service
13	Compatible Wireless Standard for the device likely to work in the proposed band (ETSI, 3GPP, IEEE, EC, FCC ,TEC etc or any proprietary standard)	PMRTS, since it has to operate in dense urban environments and for legacy reasons as well as based on availability of equipment, needs to continue operation in the existing 800MHz bands - <i>811-814 MHz(856-859 MHz) as well as 814 MHz-819 MHz (859MHz-864 MHz)</i> , and no changes are suggested considering the size of industry, existing population of analog and digital radios and the replacement cost of new infrastructure equipment deployed under both PMRTS and CMRTS.
14	Benefit for public	A) Trunked Radio User Groups There are a variety of user groups from various industry verticals who find PMRTS invaluable., These are:

	Industry Vertical	PMRTS / Trunked Radio Application
1.	Oil & Gas	 Maintenance during shut down Emergency & disaster management operations Intrinsically safe radios given hazardous environment
2.	Municipal Corporations	Co-ordination of Operations in the Fire Dept., Solid Waste Management, Octroi.
3.	Public Utilities	 Disaster Management Maintenance, troubleshooting & repair
4.	Shopping malls	Security & Maintenance, Parking management
5.	Construction	Co-ordination of men, materials, money, or machines. for construction of high rise buildings
6.	Hotels	Security & maintenance services
7.	Manufacturing	Security & co-ordination of day-to-day operations
8.	Pharmaceuticals	Intrinsically Safe Radios for co-ordination of day-to-day operations where no cell phones are allowed because of hazardous environment
9.	Airlines/Airports	Day to day management of multiple agencies & ground operations
10.	Property management	Large campus patrolling for better security & disaster preparedness.
11.	Private Security	Security & Safety of High-net-worth Individuals
12.	Ambulance / Mobile Medical Services	Co-ordination for emergency pick-up for golden hour
13.	Education	Security & disaster preparedness
14.	Banks	Alternative Channel of Communication especially during floo natural or man made disasters,
15.	School bus transport	Safety & security of school children.
16.	Armed Forces (Defense, Navy.)	Requirements for better disaster preparedness.
17	Ports	For container loading and unloading operations, day today port management and security operations
omn) Ins 'alk)) Fre	nunication needs amongs tant mission critical com equent short bursts of con altiple Talk Groups for o	user groups of PMRTS. The key commonality t the user groups above is: munication at the press of a PTT button (Pus mmunication ne-to-many or one-one communication, while
Trunl	ted Radio is the ideal con	nmunication device for the applications abov
•	-	just Push-to-Talk). Given that an average PT econds, imagine how tedious it would be to r
		thin a minute by a cell phone.
•	10 calls to someone with In the event of a man r jammed or in-operation	-

 International safety agencies mandate use of PMRTS like radio communication for fire safety because of its ability to alert for evacuation or management hundreds of users instantly and at the same time, which no other communication devoice can do. In such situations there is no time to dial or to wait to connect.

• PMRTS is the most spectrum efficient service. There is no network congestion or network jamming because the infrastructure is geared to

		support multiple users across multiple talk groups in a semi-duplex mode, with severely restricted one way PSTN connectivity. Typical loading norms defined by DoT for analog PMRTS support 90 radio users per channel and Digital PMRTS @ 180 users per channel
15	If modification in NFAP-2022 footnote then quote relevant footnote no. of NFAP-22	Existing PMRTS operators are using 25 KHz channeling plan No. 6 on NFAP. We further recommend that in order to accommodate different digital technologies having Channel bandwidth of 25 KHz- 4 slot TDMA /Channel bandwidth of 12.5 KHz 2 slot TDMA/Channel bandwidth of 12.5 KHz FDMA/ Channel bandwidth of 6.25 KHz FDMA available in the market, the band may be further subdivided into smaller bands for different technologies requiring three different channel bandwidths of 25 KHz/12.5 KHz and 6.25 KHz i.e. one sub band for each of the three technologies i.e. 25 KHz Channel bandwidth (Tetra/APCO 1) /12.5 KHz Channel Bandwidth (DMR, NXDN and APCO Phase II) and 6.25 KHz channel bandwidth technology (dPMR, NXDN)
		PMRTS industry categorically endorses the above recommendations and urges TRAI and DOT to ensure their urgent and immediate implementation to help the industry to migrate from Analog to the long-awaited Digital Infrastructure.
		Since analog infrastructure equipment has long been unavailable, we recommend that all new or additional assignment of carriers for the existing analogue system with a Carrier width of 25 KHz shall no longer be required. A 25 KHz Carrier being used by present analogue system can be counted as 4 carriers of 6.25 KHz each for the purpose of collecting royalty for spectrum usage from PMRTS operators.
		Immediate measure required by DOT is to put in place a frequency allocation plan for Digital PMRTS for 6.25 KHz, 12.5 KHz and 25 KHz channel spacing with required threshold adjacent channel spacing (depending on Digital technology deployed) and urgent assignment of above spectrum to PMRTS operators even if it has to be on an interim/provisional basis, without waiting either for new TRAI recommendations (based on conclusion of this Consultation Paper) or the New Telecom Bill. As it is, DOT is assigning spectrum on a provisional/ Interim basis to CMRTS (Captive Mobile Radio Trunking Service) and Captive users based on an undertaking that the recipient company shall pay the final price of spectrum as determined by DOT.
		We strongly urge the Authority to restore a level playing field for the PMRTS industry which for the last 9 years has been distorted unjustifiably in favor of PMRTS alternatives and substitutes i.e., CMRTS and Captive Radio users, despite PMRTS being more spectrum efficient.
16	Remarks	In today's NFAP Working Committee meeting, remarks were made by a Chennai based Company on reserving 10 MHz of contiguous spectrum in the 814-824 MHz(859MHz-869 MHz) band for PPDR operations. No details have been furnished either w.r.t. the equipment developed for same i.e. technology deployed, carrier width, equipment specifications, TEC approvals /Equipment Type Approvals etc. as also justification for why the proposed 800 MHz band is required, or on what basis a large chunk of 10 MHz spectrum should be reserved and why contiguous spectrum only is required.
		At the same time the 800 MHz band as highlighted above is already subject to widespread use by the PMRTS and the CMRTS Industry for over 100,000 users

across more than 500 RF Channels deployed in expensive Infrastructure equipment which cannot be disturbed.
A cursory search on the said Chennai based Company's web site neither revealed any equipment details including technology used / specifications /frequency band, nor any product certifications from TEC or even a BIS approval certificate. Also details obtained from the Registrar of Companies website show that the said Chennai based Company <i>have no revenues from any equipment produced or sold</i> <i>by them as on 31st March 2023</i> .
In addition there is no other stakeholder of repute with credentials of any successful deployment of PPDR on the ground, that has either demonstrated availability of any PPDR equipment with them or showcased any credible technology in the frequency band suggested to be reserved or furnished any deployment details of the said PPDR technology in India or overseas. No details have also been furnished on any pilot installations of PPDR equipment along with user feedback for the same. Our humble submission is why we are even considering reserving a large slice of spectrum already in widespread use, for a product or application which is merely an intent today, with no underlying data on pilot, commercial or even trial deployments and without even any theoretical /academic details of the underlying technology to be deployed?
In conclusion, we submit that the new PPDR technology in the making may be either encouraged to use a spectrum band which does not conflict with spectrum bands already in extensive and widespread use by the PMRTS and CMRTS Industry already or at best use any other spectrum / frequency band that the NFAP forum may deem fit without causing any conflict, after sufficient justification and credentials of user acceptance for PPDR application , technology and equipment credentials have been furnished.
Notwithstanding above, we reproduce below some extracts from an ITU recommendation document for alternative frequency bands for your consideration, in lieu of the requested 800 MHz band (<i>please refer embedded file ITU recommendations</i>):
• The frequency range 380-399.9 MHz has been identified for narrowband PPDR operations in Malaysia. Part of this frequency range is used for PPDR operations in Malaysia.(Page 32)
• PCC.II/REC. 16 (VII-06): Use of the 4 940-4 990 MHz band in the Americas for Public Protection and Disaster Relief. (Page 27)
• The frequency range 351-370 MHz has been identified by the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China for narrowband PPDR operations (page 29)
• The frequency range 380-470 MHz has been identified as a tuning range for PPDR in Region 1. The frequency band 380-385 MHz (uplink)/390-395 MHz (downlink) is the harmonized core band for permanent use for PPDR. For more information relating to countries within Europe, see ECC/DEC/(08)05 and ECC Report 102
Harmonized frequency arrangements within the bands 694 to 791 MHz in accordance with the Arab States harmonized measures for broadband PPDR

	• The frequency range 380-399.9 MHz has been identified for narrowband PPDR operations in Qatar. Part of this frequency range is used for PPDR operations in Qatar.
	• The Narrowband PPDR channeling plan for frequency arrangement 414.0125-414.1000 MHz currently used in New Zealand for simplex services.
	• Frequency arrangements within the frequency range 723 to 788 MHz in some countries of Region 1 for broadband PPDR
	ITU PPDR Recommendations.pc
	 (A) With regards to stakeholders' comments, we would like to submit our inputs to the comments submitted by M/s Susan Future Technologies, Chennai
	1. There is no feedback or updates shared by the Company in response to our request made in WG1 meeting 1 to share same on broadband PPDR trials conducted so far by the Company and corresponding results, type of terminal devices in use etc. and any third-party evaluation results as of date. No details have been furnished either with respect to the equipment developed, frequency band chosen for same, technology deployed, carrier spacing & bandwidth required, equipment specifications, TEC approval data /Equipment Type Approval data etc. <i>as also justification for why the proposed 800 MHz band only is required</i> .
	2. We had also requested information on the compelling reasons for asking 10 MHz of contiguous spectrum, as we do not find the same even in the TRAI recommendations being cited by DoT for making the above said accommodation recommendations for PPDR, which is still awaited.
	3. In the said Company's submission dated 09/07/2024 on PPDR spectrum being used in other countries like Jamaica, where the Company has provided a weblink for details, we studied the same. Upon clicking and perusing the weblink, we got a document which makes no mention or a case for PPDR to be operating in the 800 MHz band. In fact both the weblinks referred to in their submission are the same, with identical underlying information, not related to PPDR in 800 MHz band.

Band	Foundation	Arya Omnitalk Recommendation
806-811 MHz/851-856 MHz	Recommendation PPDR	PPDR may be allocated spectrum after meeting needs of CMRTS
811-814 MHz/856-859 MHz	PMRTS	We are okay with this suggestion
814-819 MHz/859-864 MHz	PMRTS/PPDR	This band is already allocated nationwide to PMRTS and will not be available to PPDR until needs of the PMRTS Industry are evaluated post PMRTS migrating to Digital as well as elimination of interference problems observed and not resolved for the last over 5 years.
		However, since spectrum for PPDR is not in demand for the short & the medium term, the PMRTS Industry, after completing migration to Digital in the next 5
		years after new spectrum allocation restarts, can accommodate, based on compelling
	MHz/851-856 MHz 811-814 MHz/856-859 MHz 814-819 MHz/859-864	MHz/851-856 MHz 811-814 MHz/856-859 MHz 814-819 MHz/859-864

			864MHz in the 814-
			819 MHz paired with
			859 MHz-864 MHz to
			meet PPDR expansion
			needs if required.
11	819-824	PMRT/CMRT/PPDR	PPDR may be
	MHz/864-869		allocated spectrum
	MHz		after meeting needs of
			PMRTS & CMRTS

We humbly request confirmation of our understanding of the suggestions as above made by ITU-APT Foundation, since these were presented in the Working Group discussions, but no separate document was submitted.

Please refer the attached PDF document below capturing the inputs submitted to NFAP WG-1 on dated 11th July 2024.



814 MHz- 819 MHZ /859 MHz – 864MHz Band

This band has been in use since 1996 by the PMRTS Industry. The channeling plan is attached as Annexure 1. The 5 MHz band translates to having 200, 25 KHz channels for allocation to the PMRTS operators in each city (approx.100-120 kms radius circle for repeating any of the 200 channels, if RF interference has to be avoided). Based on a channel loading norm of 90 users per Channel defined by DoT, this sub-band(814-819MHz) provides for a maximum PMRTS Industry analog subscriber base of 18,000 users. As on July 2014, a total of 425, 25 KHz spaced channels in 814-819 MHz for 34 cities have already been allocated to PMRTS operators (please refer to Annexure-II in below for details).

The PMRTS Industry has not been allocated any spectrum since July 2014. As on date, if the spectrum allocation is resumed for the PMRTS Industry, there is an immediate demand of 305 channels of 25 KHz spacing for 18 cities. The city-wise revised channel usage plan is attached in below Annexure-III.

Assuming the above spectrum is issued, the top 8 Telecom Circles will have the following spectrum(channels) left after clearing the waiting list for new allocation:

S/ No	Service Area	Operati ng City	Chann els allocat ed in 811- 814 MHz till date	Channe ls in 814-819 MHz allocate d till date	Subscri ber count till today	New channel s of 25 KHz based on loading norms	Remain ing Spectru m in 5 MHz with WPC till today (120* channel s of 25KHz)
INU	Area	Mumbai	uate	uate	touay	norms	25KNZ)
1.	Mumbai	Metro		80	12,348	75	40
2.	Delhi	Delhi NCR		70	10,028	45	50
3.	Karnatak a	Bangalo re		45	7,709	40	75
4.	Tamil Nadu	Chennai		45	7,679	45	75
5.	Gujarat	Vadodar a	2	15	1,994	10	105
6.	Gujarat	Ahmeda bad	5	10	1,578	10	110
7.	Gujarat	Bharuch	1	5	1,858	15	115
8.	Gujarat	Dahej		5	1,892	15	115
			8	275	45,086	245	

*Band 817-818 MHz has not been considered due to heavy interference in this band.

There is additional demand for 183 channels in 42 cities in the 811-814 MHz paired with 856-859 MHz band for Digital PMRTS.

Thus, it can be seen from the above that in 4 Telecom Circles, hardly any spectrum is available for expansion of the analog PMRTS business, leave alone earmarking a portion of the band for recasting the earmarked portion into a new channel spacing of 12.5KHz/ 6.25KHz required for migration from analog PMRTS to a Digital PMRTS infrastructure. (based on Digital PMRTS technology chosen by the PMRTS operator) Discretion will demand that the new 12.5KHz /6.25 KHz channel spacing required for Digital PMRTS is configured in the 811-814MHz/856-859 MHz band already reserved under present NFAP for Digital PMRTS migration.

To make matters worse, for spectrum in the 814-819 MHz/859-864 MHz band for Analog PMRTS, the PMRTS Industry has reported severe interference issues with increased noise threshold levels of -90dBm to -80 dBm (ref. level for better signal -100dBm or less, especially in 817 MHz & 818 MHz/ 862 MHz & 863 MHz sub-bands, which have therefore been rendered as good as unusable for the last 5.5 years on account of the Department's inability to either trace the source of interference much less resolve same. *Please refer to Annexure-I in below* for complaints submitted references to our most recent submission made to WMS & WPC, evidencing above. The interference has been observed in NCR, Delhi, Gurgaon, Noida, and Jaipur

Annexure I:



WPC-Sites of Delhi NCR & Interference

In the last 5 months, we have also noticed random interference in the 814-816 MHz/ 859-858 MHz sub band, leading us to request temporary replacement allocation in the 811-814 MHz/856-859 MHz bands from WPC, in order to provide much needed relief to our existing customers experiencing frequent disruptions in day-to-day communication. On the one hand the industry is not getting new spectrum and on the other hand the already allocated spectrum is increasingly subject to severe interference issues, which is driving subscribers away from PMRTS.

In view of the above it is clear that if we remove the most interference prone sub-bands of 817 & 818 MHz, the PMRTS industry will be left with just a 3 MHz band, equivalent to 120 ,25KHz channels and based on present loading norms, supporting a maximum of 10,800 subscribers, not sufficient for the PMRTS Industry for almost all Tier 1 and Tier 2 cities.

Almost all the new spectrum that the PMRTS Industry will now be issued under the new Telecom Act will be for new site locations, away from the present PMRTS sites due to businesses moving away from city centers to suburbs. This will also limit reuse of spectrum, both because adjoining service areas beyond 30 kms will require different frequencies as well as reduced loading due to site interconnection being required to provide seamless coverage between city center and suburbs.

Conclusion:

The PMRTS Industry has more than 65,000 subscribers in 20 cities/service areas, out of which more than 34,700 are analog PMRTS subscribers. While analog 25KHz channels from the 3 MHz useful sub-band in the interference prone 814-819 MHz band will be required to improve quality of service for existing analog subscribers, migration to Digital PMRTS will be require new channels with 12.5KHz/6.25KHz Channel spacing out of the 811-814MHz/856-859MHz ban. Here also 168 Channels out of a maximum possible 250, 12.5KHz spacing channels are already in use. (Please refer to Annexure 5 for city wise details of this allocation).

 Therefore, to begin with, both 811-814MHz paired with 856-859MHz as well as 814-819MHz paired with 859-864 MHz shall require to be reserved exclusively for the PMRTS industry until full migration to Digital is accomplished over the next 5 years (the user will not throw away their analog terminals) Once the entire analog PMRTS Industry base is migrated to Digital, we shall understand the future requirement of spectrum for the PMRTS Industry better because of the following: We would have completed 5 years of Digital PMRTS service with vastly superior spectrum efficiency, without any bottlenecks or delays in obtaining spectrum in existing service areas. This will help us make a better forecast of future demand, given additional functionality benefits of Digital along with improved geographical coverage with site connectivity.
 We would have exploited demand from all new areas and set up Digital PMRTS Infrastructure in new sites to aggregate demand from Tier 1-4 cities. This will give us a good idea of future national demand for the PMRTS service.
 Since there will be no analog subscribers left after 5 years, the entire 814-819MHz band (and its co-pair 45 MHz apart) shall be available for recasting for Digital PMRTS. Hopefully by then the interference issues would have also got sorted out.
Based on the above, it may then be possible to decide the exact quantum of spectrum necessary for the PMRTS Industry going forward. At that time, should the exercise throw up a surplus spectrum availability, PMRTS Industry shall be happy to accommodate. It may be noted PMRTS operators have already made huge investments in infrastructure equipment hardware and software, as well as radio terminals required to run analog PMRTS services in the allocated band of 814-819 MHz Any move to force the PMRTS Industry to relocate to a new band shall result in widespread protests from the end users , bulk of whom are in providing public utilities and services, disaster management and relief operations, oil and gas industry infrastructure maintenance etc. besides causing an estimated financial loss in excess of Rs 200 Crs .

Note.

5* . Construction service / Manufacturing service/ Shipping Service/Aeronautical Service etc

7*. Specify the operation of service (e.g Hand held radio/ Vehicle mobile radio/ point to point

links/FM/Community Radio/Aeromobile/Short Rang Device etc

12* Amateur/Fixed/Land mobile/Aeronautical mobile/Maritime Mobile/Aeronautical radio navigation/FM broadcast/Community Radio Service etc

ANNEXURE-11

ANNEXORE - I

City-wise Allotment of RF Spectrum for PMRTS to TSPs

Service Area Andhra Pradesh Delhi	Location		No. of RF Channels Allotted at present				
	(City/Town)	Service Provider	338 - 340 MHz / 348 - 350 MHz	814 - 819 MHz / 859 - 864 MHz	811 - 814 MHz / 856 - 859 MHz	Total	
Andhra Pradesh	The design and	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		5		5	
	Hyderabad	Quickcalls Private Limited		15		15	
	Visakhapatnam	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		30	1.00	30	
	Dalbi	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		30		30	
Delhi	Delhi	Procall Private Limited		40		40	
Demi	City/Town Service Procession Hyderabad Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Hyderabad Quickcalls Privat Visakhapatnam Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Delhi Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Delhi Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Faridabad Procall Privat Gurgaon Procall Privat Ahmedabad Inative Networks I Ahmedabad Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Bharuch Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Jahnagar Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin Jamnagar Inative Networks Kutch Inative Networks Surat Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunkin	Procall Private Limited		5		5	
	Gurgaon	Procall Private Limited		15	811 - 814 MHz / 856 -	15	
	Ahmedabad	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		10		10	
		Inative Networks Private Limited		*	5	5	
	Amreli	Inative Networks Private Limited			1	1	
		Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		5		5	
	Bnaruch	Inative Networks Private Limited			1	1	
Culture	Dahej	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		5		5	
Gujarat	Jamnagar	Inative Networks Private Limited			2	2	
	Kutch	Inative Networks Private Limited			5	5	
	Sumak	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		15		15	
	Surat	Inative Networks Private Limited			5	5	
	TT-d-d-	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		10		10	

	Location	(4 85 - 125 - 148-14 - 148-15)	No. of R	F Channels Al	lotted at pres	ent
Service Area	(City/Town)	Service Provider	338 - 340 MHz / 348 - 350 MHz	814 - 819 MHz / 859 - 864 MHz	811 - 814 MHz / 856 - 859 MHz	Total
	vatiouara	Inative Networks Private Limited			2	2
Karnataka	Deneraliser	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		40		40
Karnataka	Bangalore	Quickcalls Private Limited		5		5
	Alappuzha	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
	Cochin	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited			5	5
	Ernakulam	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
	Kollam	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
Kerala	Munnar	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
Reidia	Panniankara	WiWaNet Private Limited	5	· · · · ·		5
	Payyanur	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
	Tirur	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
	Trichur	WiWaNet Private Limited	5		1	5
	Trivandrum	WiWaNet Private Limited	5			5
Kolkata	Kolkata	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		20		20
Madhya Pradesh	Indore	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		10		10
	Khandala	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		5		5
	Duno	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		15		15

City-wise Allotment of RF Spectrum for PMRTS to TSPs

	Location		No. of R	F Channels All	lotted at pres	ent
Service Area	(City/Town)	Service Provider	338 - 340 MHz / 348 - 350 MHz	814 - 819 MHz / 859 - 864 MHz	811 - 814 MHz / 856 - 859 MHz	Total
	rune	Smart Talk Private Limited		10		10
	Belapur	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		5		5
		Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		40	10	40
Mumbai	Mumbai	Bhilwara Telenet Services Private Limited		10		10
mumbai		Smart Talk Private Limited		10		10
	Navi Mumbai	Airtalk Solutions & Services Private Limited		5	- /	5
	Vashi	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		10		10
	Jaipur	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited	4	5		5
	Jaipur	Procall Private Limited		5		5
Tamilnadu	Chennai	Arya Omnitalk Radio Trunking Services Private Limited		40		40
rammadu	Chemiai	Quickcalls Private Limited		5		5
		Total	45	425	26	496

City-wise Allotment of RF Spectrum for PMRTS to TSPs

Service	Location	338 - 3	340 MHz / 3	/ 348 - 350 MHz	Z	811 - 8	- 814 MHz / 8	856 - 859 MHz	1	814 - 8	819 MHz / 8	859 - 864 MHz		
Агеа	(City/Town)	(@ cing of for	annels, existing	l for	and	(@ cing of for	annels, existing	l for	and	(@ cing of for	xisting	l for	and	
		No. of RF Cha available (Channel Spac 25 kHz) fo assignme	No. of RF Chan assigned to ex network	No. of RF Chan requested assignmen	Total dema	No. of RF Cha available (Channel Spac 25 kHz) fo assignmen	No. of RF Chan assigned to ex network	No. of RF Char requested assignme	Total dema	No. of RF Char available (Channel Spac 25 kHz) fo assignmen	No. of RF Chan assigned to ex network	No. of RF Char requested assignmen	Total dema	Total deman Channels for
Andhra	Hyderabad	80			0	120		5	S	200	20		20	25
Pradesh	Nellore	08			0	120		1	1	200.			0	1
	Visakhapatnam	08		1	0	120		6	6	200	30	л	35	41
Bihar	Jamshedpur	08			0	120		1	1	200			0	1
Delhi	Delhi	80			0	120	0	27	27	200	70	20	90	117
	Faridabad	80			0	120			0	200	л		5	
	Gurgaon	80			0	120			0	200	15		15	15
Gujarat	Ahmedabad	08			0	120	л		5	200	10	л	15	20
	Amreli	08			0	120	1		Ι	200			0	
	Anand	08			0	120		1	1	200			0	
	Bharuch	08			0	120	1	IJ	6	200	л	IJ	10	16
	Bhavnagar	80			0	120		1	1	200			0	
	Chhota Udaipur	08			0	120		1	1	200			0	
	Dahej	80			0	120		σ	5	200	л		S	10
	Gandhinagar	08			0	120		-1	1	200			0	
	Halol	08			0	120		ъ	ч	200			0	
	Jamnagar	80			0	120	2		2	200			0	10-
	Junagarh	08			0	120		1	1	200			0	

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Sérvice	Location	338 - 34	10 MHz / 3-	48 - 350 MH	lz	811 - 8	14 MHz / 8	356 - 859 MH	z	814 - 8	19 MHz / 8	59 - 864 MH	Z	in
Area	(City/Town)	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment	Total demand	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment	Total demand	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment	Total demand	Total demand of RF Channels for PMRTS in all the bands
	Kheda	80		No.	0	120		1	1	200			0	1
ſ	Kutch	80		Sec. 1	0	120	5	Sec.	5	200			0	5
Ī	Navsari	80	1	Sec. 18	0	120		1	1	200		6.7.1	0	1
	Porbandar	80		13. Carro	0	120	9	1	1	200			0	1
	Rajkot	80			0	120		1	1	200		3 3 J 1 1	0	1
ſ	Sabarkatha	80		Sala Sala	0	120		1	1	200			0	1
T	Shidpur	80			0	120		1	1	200	-		0	1
	Sitapur	80			0	120		5	5	200			0	5
	Surat	80			0	120	5	5	10	200	15		15	25
	Surendranagar	80			0	120		5 1	1	200	•	String and	0	1
	Vadodara	80			0	120	2		2	200	10	5	15	17
	Valsad	80			0	120		1	1	200		0 5 5 5 7	0	1
Haryana	Rohtak	80		1.000	0 *	120		1	1	200			0	1
Karnataka	Bangalore	80		1	0	120		15	15	200	45	25	70	85
	Bellari	80			0	120		2	2	200			0	2
	Mangalore	80		1.	0	120		5	5	200			0	5
Kerala	Alappuzha	80	5		5	120		Chatter In	0	200			0	5
	Cochin	80			0	120	5	5	10	200		1. 3	0	10

Data i.r.o. demand of RF Channels for PMRTS in various cities

Service	Area									Kolkata	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra				Mumbai		
Location	(City/Town)	Ernakulam	Kollam	Munnar	Panniankara	Payyanur	Tirur	Trichur	Trivandrum	Kolkata	Indore	Chandrapur	Khandala	Pune	South Goa	Belapur	Mumbai	Navi Mumbai
338 - 3	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	08	08	08	08	08	08	80	80	80	08	08	08	08	80	80	08	08
40 MHz / 3	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks	л	л	л	5	S	л	ы	ы									
338 - 340 MHz / 348 - 350 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment																	
Hz	Total demand	5	S	У	ъ	5	ъ	ъ	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
811 - 8	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120 :	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
811 - 814 MHz /	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks																	
856 - 859 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment									5		1			1	10	10	
Z	Total demand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	L	0	0	1	10	10	0
814 - 1	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
819 MHz / 8	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks									20	10		IJ	25		л	60	S
814 - 819 MHz / 859 - 864 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment										л					25	25	
Z	Total demand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	15	0.	5	25	0	30	85	5
	Total demand of RF Channels for PMRTS all the bands	5	5	5	5	2	5	5	5	25	15	1	5	25	1	40	56	S

Data i.r.o. demand of RF Channels for PMRTS in various cities

Service	. Area		Orissa			Rajasthan		Tamilnadu		West Bengal
Location	(City/10Wn)	Vashi	Angul	Jagatsinghpur	Jajpur	Barmer	Jaipur	Chennai	Coimbatore	Haldia
338 - 3	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	80	80	80	80	08	08	08	08	80
40 MHz / 3	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks									
338 - 340 MHz / 348 - 350 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment							•		
Iz	Total demand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
811-8	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
811 - 814 MHz /	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks									
856 - 859 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment	10	ы	1	1	1	л	21	IJ.	1
Z	Total demand	10	5	1	1	1	2	21	5	1
814 - 8	No. of RF Channels available (@ Channel Spacing of 25 kHz) for assignment	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
19 MHz / 8	No. of RF Channels, assigned to existing networks	10					10	45		
814 - 819 MHz / 859 - 864 MHz	No. of RF Channels, requested for assignment	25						15		
2	Total demand	35	0	0	0	0	10	60	0	0
	Total demand of RI Channels for PMRTS all the bands	45	5	L.	1	1	15	81	ъ	1

Data i.r.o. demand of RF Channels for PMRTS in various cities

ANNEXURE IV

Consolidated LSA wise breakup for the demand of RF channels for existing cities and new cities

	Existin	ng networks		Upcomin	g networks	
LSA	Name of cities for additional RF Channels assignments	Number of service providers	Total number of RF Channels assigned	Name of cities seeking fresh RF Channels assignments	Total number of RF Channels requested	Total number of channel
Andhra	Hyderabad	1	5+15	Hyderabad	5+1+6	
Pradesh	Vishakahapatnam	1	30	Vishakahapatnam Nellore	-	12
Bihar				Jamshedpur	1	1
Delhi	Delhi, Faridabad, Gurgaon	2 1 1	30+40 5 15	Delhi, Faridabad, Gurgaon	27+20 0 0	27
	Ahmedabad Amreli	2	10+5 1	Ahmedabad Amreli	5	
	Bharuch Dahej	2	5+1 5	Bharuch Dahej	5+5 5	
	Jamnagar Kutch	1	2 5	Jamnagar Kutch	0	
	Surat Vadodara	22	15+5 10+2	Surat Vadodara	5	
				Anand Bhavnagar	1 1	
Gujarat				Chhota Udaipur Gandhinagar	1 1	
				Halol Junagarh	5 1	
				Kheda Navsari	1 1	
				Probandar Rajkot	1 1	
				Sabarkatha	1	
				Shidpur Sitapur	1 5	
				Surendernagar Valsad	1	38
Haryana				Rohtak	1	1
		2		Bangalore	15	-
Karnataka	Bangalore		40+5	Bellari Mangalore	2 5	22

	Existin	ng networks		Upcomin	g networks	
LSA	Name of cities for additional RF Channels assignments	Number of service providers	Total number of RF Channels assigned	Name of cities seeking fresh RF Channels assignments	Total number of RF Channels requested	Total number of channel
Kerala	Alappuzha Cochin Ernakulam Kollam Munnar Panniankara Payyanur Tirur, Trichur	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Alappuzha Cochin Ernakulam Kollam Munnar Panniankara Payyanur Tirur, Tirur, Trichur	0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	Trivandrum	1	5	Trivandrum	0 5	5
Kolkata	Kolkata		20	Kolkata	_	5
Madhya Pradesh	Indore	1	10	1	5	5
Maharashtra	Khandala Pune	1 2	5	Khandala Pune Chanderpur South Goa	0 0 1 1	2
	Belapur	1	5	Belapur	10+25	
Mumbai	Mumbai Navi Mumbai Vashi	3 1 1	40+10+10 5 10	Mumbai Navi Mumbai Vashi	10+25 0 10+25	105
Orissa				Angul Jgatsinghpur Jaipur	5 1 1	7
Rajasthan	Jaipur	2	5+5	Jaipur Barmer	5 1	6
Tamil nadu (including Chennai)	Chennai	2	40+5	Chennai Coimbatore	21 5	26
West Bengal				Haldia	1	

			ANNEXURE - I	
	Aryaomnita	alk Service Area: Delhi	Metro Service Area, WOL No PMRTS-20. RF	Power Output 80-100 W
No.	Address of Base Stations under PMRTS-20	Frequencies allocated-WPC	Date of complaint submitted for Interferance, Noise Problem	MHQ Assignment Ref No. & Date
1	BSNL MW Station Rajendra Nagar, New Delhi - Site Lat 28 37 41.36 ; Long 77 10 27.85	814.9125/859.9125 815.9125/860.9125 816.9125/861.9125 817.9125/862.9125 818.9125/863.9125 814.8125/859.8125 815.8125/860.8125 816.8125/861.8125 817.8125/862.8125 818.8125/863.8125 814.8125/863.8125 815.8125/863.8125 814.4125/859.4125 815.4125/863.8125 814.4125/859.4125 815.4125/860.4125 815.4125/860.4125	Our Letter to WMO dt 08/05/2019Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 06/06/2019Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 14/08/2019Reg Problem faced wef 20/07/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 23/09/2019Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 14/10/2019Reg Problem faced wef 20/07/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 14/10/2019Reg Problem faced wef 20/07/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 22/07/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 22/12/2019Reg Problem faced wef 20/07/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 21/05/2020	668-670/2019-MON dt 17/05/2019
2	Hotel Le-Meridien, Mg Road, Sector-26,Delhi Gurgaon border, Gurugram. Site Lat 28 28 50 ; Long 77 06 29	817.4125/862.4125 818.4125/863.4125 814.1625/859.1625 815.1625/860.1625 816.1625/861.1625 817.1625/862.1625 818.1625/863.1625 814.3125/860.3125 815.3125/860.3125 816.3125/861.3125 817.3125/862.3125 818.3125/863.3125	Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 08/01/2020Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 24/08/2020Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 03/06/2021Reg Problem faced wef 21/05/2021Our Letter to WMO dt 14/09/2021Reg Problem faced wef 07/09/2021Our Letter to WMO dt 21/09/2021Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019Our Letter to WMO dt 11/09/2021Our Letter to WMO dt 12/09/2021Our Letter to WMO dt 15/02/2022	1495/2020-MON dt 24.01.2020 2103/2020-MON dt 11.09.2020 1131/2021-MON dt 09.06.2021 1859/2021-MON dt 17.09.2021 1933-1935/2021-MON dt 30.09.2021
3	World Trade Tower, C1, Sector-16, G. B. Nagar Noida. Site Lat 28 34 36 ; Long 77 18 58	814.5625/859.5625 815.5625/860.5625 816.5625/861.5625 817.5625/862.5625 818.5625/863.5625	Reg Problem faced wef 25/01/2022 Our Letter to WMO dt 11/04/2022 Reg Problem faced wef 25/03/2022 Our Letter to WMO dt 13/05/2022 Reg Problem faced wef 25/03/2022 Our Letter to WMO dt 14/12/2022 Reg Problem faced wef 25/10/2022 Our Letter to WMO dt 14/12/2022 Reg Problem faced wef 25/10/2022 Our Letter to WMO dt 22/05/2023 Reg Problem faced wef 15/05/2023 Our Letter to WMO dt 15/11/2023 Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019 Our Letter to WMO dt 26/02/2024 Reg Problem faced wef 25/04/2019 Our Letter to WMO dt 18/06/2024	1166/2022-MON dt 19.04.2022 & 1188-1200/2022-MON dt 18.05.2022 & 1285-130712022-MON dt 02/06/2022 102-104/2023-MON dt 02/06/2023 102-104/2023-MON dt 16.01.2023 487/2023MON dt 07.06.2023 1120-1122/2023MON dt 01.12.2023 744/2024MON dt 29.04.2024 1659-1661/2024MON dt 01.07.2024